

## S. 932, No CORRUPTION Act

## As ordered reported by the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs on March 29, 2023

By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars	2023	2023-2028	2023-2033		
Direct Spending (Outlays)	0	*	*  *		
Revenues	0	0			
Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit	0	*			
Spending Subject to Appropriation (Outlays)	0	0	not estimated	not estimated	
Increases net direct spending in	No	Statutory pay-as-you-go procee	dures apply?	Yes	
any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2034?		Mandate	Effects		
Increases on-budget deficits in any		Contains intergovernmental mandate?		No	
of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2034?	No	Contains private-sector mandate?		No	

S. 932 would eliminate the payment of current and future retirement annuities to Members of Congress who are convicted of certain criminal offenses already specified in law. Under current law, Members forgo receipt of such payments only after a final conviction (that is, after the exhaustion of all appeals under the judicial process). The bill would eliminate retirement annuities for Members for any conviction following enactment.

CBO estimates that the resulting forfeitures of retirement annuities would reduce direct spending by less than \$500,000 over the 2023-2033 period. Based on the number of previous convictions of Members of Congress, CBO anticipates that the number of future convictions would be small. In addition, any associated reductions in direct spending would show a budgetary effect only once a convicted Member reached eligibility for retirement, which could be beyond the current budget window. On average, Members of Congress currently retiring under the Federal Employees Retirement System receive an annuity of about \$45,000 per year. However, a criminal conviction could shorten a Member's career. To the extent that happens, the forfeited annuity would probably be less than the average.



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